IN THE KNOWLEDGE
BASED PLANNING ERA:
THE ROLE OF THE
DOSIMETRIST AS THE
PREDICTIVE MODEL
CREATOR/ADMINISTRATOR

Anthony Magliari MS, CMD

DISCLAIMER:



- I am now employed by Varian Medical Systems and my job currently includes promoting Varian's Knowledge Based Planning solution: RapidPlan for Varian's Eclipse Treatment Planning System
- While Eclipse RapidPlan is currently the only commercially available Knowledge Based Planning solution, KBP software is also utilized as a custom in-house tool at multiple institutions
- I will focus on KBP concepts not vendor specific product features where possible (however, screenshots will be utilized where required)
- The views expressed in this presentation are mine, and mine alone. They do not represent those of Varian Medical Systems
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I've been a clinical dosimetrist since 2011

ABOUT ME:



- I married a dosimetrist and my sister is a dosimetrist
- I've been known to be a bit on the extreme side when it comes to things I'm interested in, like plan quality
- I have other interests and hobbies including: cars, politics, globalization, technology, home theater and playing board games with my wife, family and friends
- But cars are the easiest to make examples with, so there's going to be car analogies throughout this talk...
- And, I like questions!

OUTLINE

- General overview of Knowledge Based Planning
 - What is a "model"
 - DVH prediction models vs completed packaged KBP models which include autocreated optimization objectives
 - "prebuilt" models vs "homebuilt" KBP models
 - Modifying models: changing auto-created optimization objectives / retraining
 - Homebuilt model options
- Which radiation oncology team member(s) should "own" homebuilt models?
 - Physicist alone / physicist and dosimetrist together / dosimetrist alone
- Process for creating an institution or MD specific model
 - Pick a protocol / treatment site
 - Identify past cases, create empty model and import cases into the model
 - Train model, analyze cases, identify outliers: first structure then dosimetric
 - Consider re-planning outlier cases to utilize them (if they can be "fixed")
 - Once satisfied with "model" insert auto-created optimization objectives
 - Tune auto-created optimization objectives on validation patients
- Discuss future role of the dosimetrist
 - Being a model creator/administrator ensures a future the dosimetrist controls
 Knowledge Based Planning and the dosimetrist's role
 Anthony Magliari, MS CMD

MACHINE LEARNING MODELS

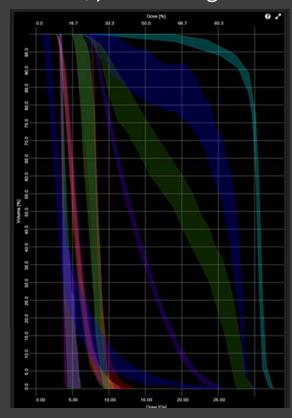


DVH PREDICTION MODEL

- Uses prior completed treatment plans as a "training set"
- KBP software analyzes training set cases for the dose-structure relationship
 - analyzing the dose gradient on each structure and it's target proximity/overlap
 - "learns" which structures are spared more than others
- KBP analyzes all the training set cases simultaneously / cumulatively
 - Easier to recognize structure "outliers" (size/target overlap)
 - Easier to recognize dosimetric "outliers" (once structure outliers are removed)
- With enough consistently planed, high quality cases it can predict DVH for OARs
 - At it's core, it is simply a tool that can predict DVH on future cases from past cases

DVH PREDICTION MODELS VS PACKAGED MODELS

• However, just creating a model that can generate DVH prediction bands isn't enough





• Actually, making a model to create the DVH prediction bands is the "easy" part

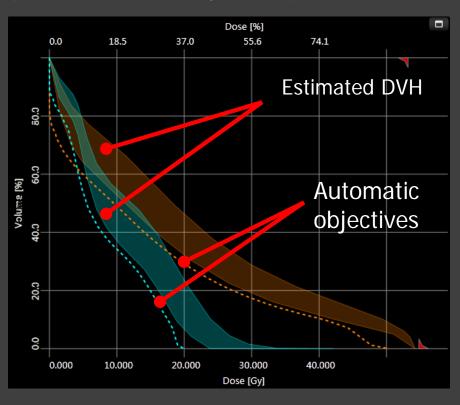
DVH PREDICTION MODELS VS PACKAGED MODELS

- The "hard" part is using the DVH prediction to generate good auto-created optimization objectives for future plans
- This step in the model creation and packaging process seems to get the least amount of attention when Knowledge Based Planning is usually discussed

It requires careful tuning of DVH line objectives and/or DVH point objectives and their

relative priorities on validation cases

 Before a DVH prediction model is completed and packaged as a complete Knowledge Based Planning model someone has to create and tune a master set of auto-created optimization objectives which will be applied, relative to the DVH prediction, in the inverse planning optimizer each time the model is used



PREBUILT VS HOMEBUILT KBP MODELS

- Knowledge Based Planning systems include prebuilt, complete packaged, KBP models created with a training set of another institution's patients with autocreated optimization objectives tuned my someone else
- Depending on your institutional/MD planning goals prebuilt models may or may not work well for your clinic "from the factory"
- Also investigating "public knowledge sharing" among peers is also advised by downloading complete packaged KBP models from a model sharing website on the internet which are voluntarily uploaded and shared publicly by Radiation Oncology peers around the world
- Private sharing of KBP models via email, USB drive, private files sharing websites is also possible and easy
- But, will any of these prebuilt KBP models be a good fit for your treatment plans?

MODIFYING PREBUILT KBP MODELS

Will you as a dosimetrist or your doctor like prebuilt KBP models?





Many hours of work went into making them look and perform just how they do... for many they are just right, how they come originally.

• It is very easy to make small changes to any packaged KBP model, you can always adjust the auto-created optimization objectives



Knowledge Based Planning and the dosimetrist's role

Small changes to the packaging of KBP models can make them more attractive or valuable to their individual user's preferences

FURTHER MODIFYING PREBUILT KBP MODELS

 If prebuilt, packaged KBP models also include the extracted plan data you can "retrain" the DVH prediction model adding new cases which will change the shape and/or width of the DVH prediction bands



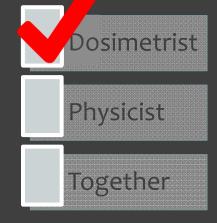
 While drastic modification of prebuilt models is possible by retraining, you are still building on the original creator's work

OPTIONS FOR HOMEBUILT MODELS

- Use someone else's model to re-plan 20+ of your own past patients, while adding the changes or modifications you or your MD/institution thought were missing from the borrowed model to each case that is re-planned
 - Best features of the borrowed model are captured while adding your own "secret sauce"
 - All cases are consistently planned
 - Those cases become the training set for your own homebuilt model
- Use 20+ of your past cases to become the training set for your own homebuilt model
 - Will need to eliminate outliers (or re-contour / re-plan them)
 - Consider building an initial model and use that model to consistently re-plan the training set cases to train a final model with increased DVH prediction accuracy (recursive method)

WHICH RADIATION ONCOLOGY TEAM MEMBER?

- Who should create and "own" homebuilt Knowledge Based Planning models?
 - Dosimetrist alone
 - Physicist alone
 - Together

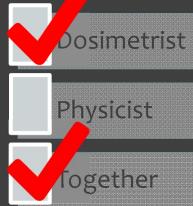


• Let's go through the model creation process, step by step, and answer this question for each step...

PICK A PROTOCOL / TREATMENT SITE

DVH prediction models are created specific to an anatomical treatment site because
 OAR trade-offs are different depending on the tumor location

- A clinic-wide discussion on which site would be best for a institution or MD specific KBP model
- Or a dosimetrist can decide on their own, in their less busy time, to create a model for a challenging site that is usually time-intensive to plan



- Things to consider:
 - Do I have at least 20 cases I can use to create the initial model?
 - No: Does a model already exist for this treatment site I can modify?
 - Yes:
 - Will I use an existing model to re-plan my past cases consistently while making the changes I/we want
 - Will I be making an original, clean sheet model, from treated or replanned cases
 - Is the target size and/or OAR size (volume) extremely variable?
 - If so, plan to use well over 20 cases, at least eventually

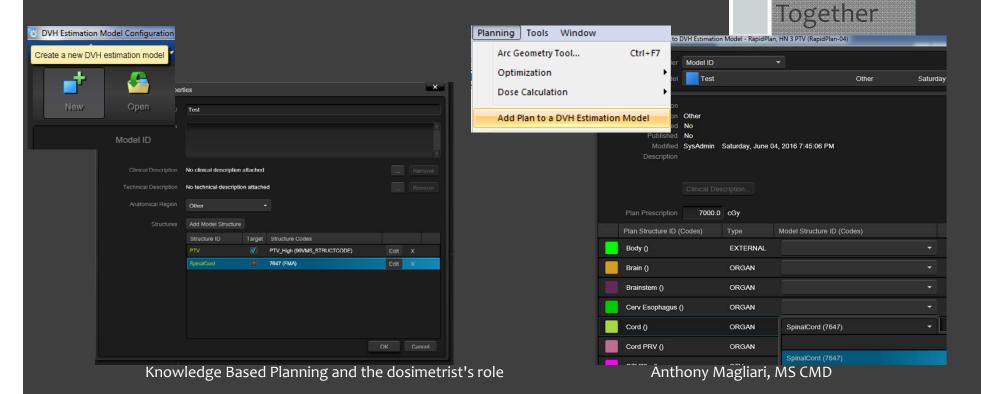
CREATE AND FILL THE MODEL CONTAINER

Dosimetrist

Physicist

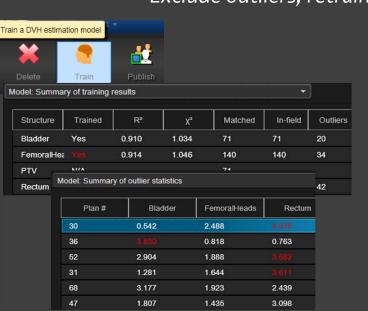
• Identify, either through searching your database or checking your records, 20+ patients to use for your model

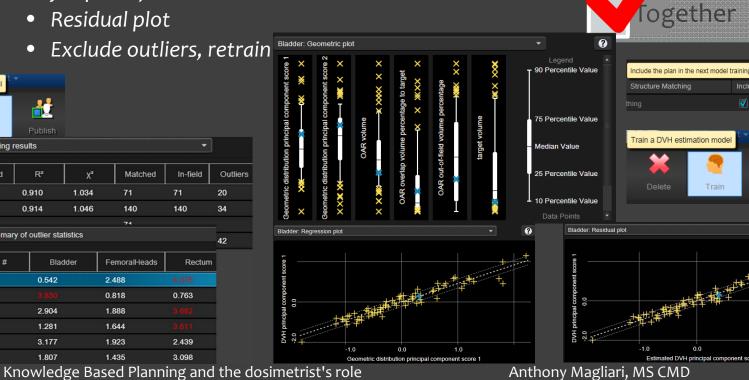
- Create a new model container
 - Give the model a working name
 - Specify target(s) and OAR structures the model will use
- Open each patient, add them to the model / match structures



TRAIN ANALYZE AND FIND MODEL OUTLIERS

- Once all the cases have been added to the model container with matched structures
 - Train the model and view summaries
 - Analyze structures for outliers
 - Geometric plot
 - Regression plot
 - Exclude outliers, retrain
 - Analyze plans for dosimetric outliers
 - Residual plot
 - Exclude outliers, retrain





Dosimetrist

Physicist

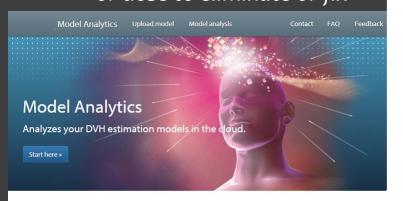
TRAIN ANALYZE AND FIND MODEL OUTLIERS

 Since that method of finding and eliminating outliers isn't completely straightforward and can be somewhat intimidating...

- There is an alternative/companion method of finding and eliminating outliers
 - Separate / cloud based software

 Analyzes your model and gives clear suggestions on ways to improve the model including which structures

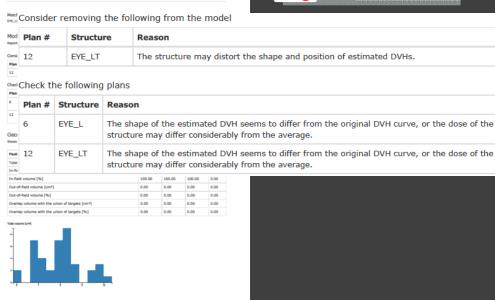
or dose to eliminate or fix



Getting started

This application analyzes DVH estimation models that have been created in the Eclipse[®] treatment planning system and exported to your file system. Because the exported file must include the model's extracted data, select **include extracted** plan **data in export** in the export. No private patient data is included. After uploading your exported model, the analysis is performed automatically. After the analysis is completed, you are presented with the results.

Note: DVH estimation models should be validated before clinical use. This applies to all model types, including Varian-provided example models, imported models shared by other clinics, and the models you create yourself.



osimetrist

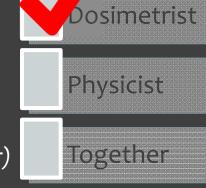
rogether

RECONTOUR AND/OR REPLAN OUTLIER CASES

• If, after excluding outlying plans or individual structures, you no longer have the minimum cases required to predict a DVH for those structures

- Or, you simply want to include all possible cases in your model
 - Investigate OAR outliers
 - Simply mismatched? (lens vs eyes)
 - Incorrectly contoured (correct and re-plan)
 - Legitimate anatomical outliers (consider adding later)
 - Investigate dosimetric outliers
 - OAR was unnecessarily undersparred (re-plan)

Lindsey (Appenzoller) Olsen has stated when creating multiple KBP models for Washington University, on average, 30% of the cases originally included in the model training sets had to be replanned or eliminated from the models.



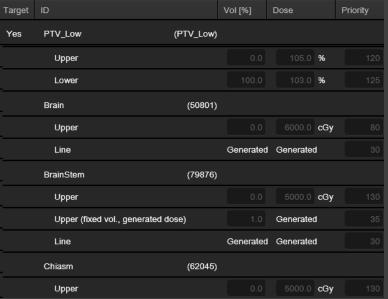
INSERT AUTO-CREATED OPTIMIZATION OBJECTIVES

Once outliers have been eliminated from the DVH prediction model, it's time to begin packaging it

- Complete packaged KBP model includes auto-created optimization objectives
 - Insert min and max dose(s) for your targets
 - Insert line objectives to be generated relative (to the left) of the predicted DVH of all OARs

• Use best judgement for the priorities of the line objectives

Consider adding DVH point
 objectives along the line objectives
 for additional priority at key dose
 levels



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Dosimetrist

Physicist

Either/together

TUNE AUTO-CREATED OPTIMIZATION OBJECTIVES

 After reasonable auto-created optimization objectives have been packaged with the model, its time to test and tune!

use your new KBP model package to plan multiple separate verification patients

- Evaluate results
- Try changing the KBP packaged auto-created optimization objective priorities on the line, point, conformality (NTO), objectives or adding or removing DVH point objectives
- Re-plan verification set again with the new KBP packaged auto-created optimization objective set
 - Evaluate results
- Repeat until you find the best compromise of objectives,
 one master set, that work well for all verification cases
- If one single set of good objectives cannot be found consider taking the best model-created plan on each patient from each phase of testing and using those plans as the training set for a new "final" model. (recursive method)

Dosimetrist

Physicist

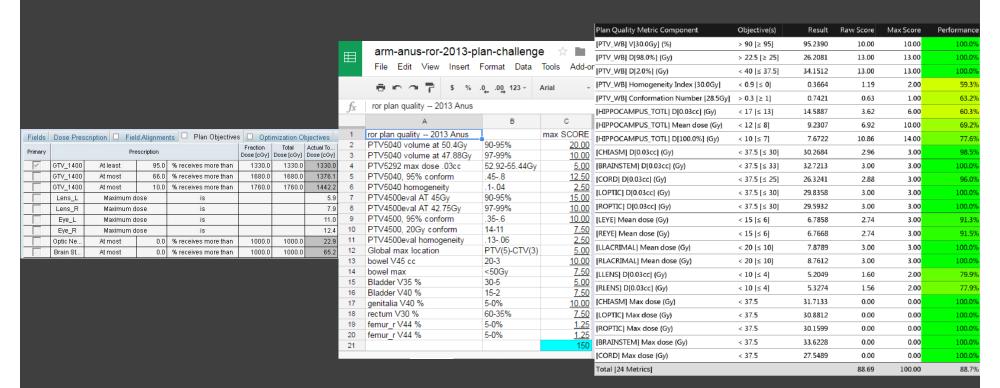
Together

MODEL BUILDING TIPS

- Extensively tune line priorities and DHV point priorities on your auto-created optimization objectives
 - Not just on the separate validation cases but also consider the training set cases
 - make sure, on average, the complete packaged KBP model can produce cases that are as good or even better than the training set cases
 - the model planed cases should always have less variability in plan quality than the training set cases
- Create auto-created optimization objectives that can scale relative to Rx
 - Use relative rather than absolute dose values so the objectives can scale relative to the Rx
 - For OARs with a max dose allowed (spinalcord, etc.) consider creating two sets
 of max dose constraints, both relative to Rx and absolute dose to also protect
 the OAR if the Rx is increased beyond what the model was originally tuned for

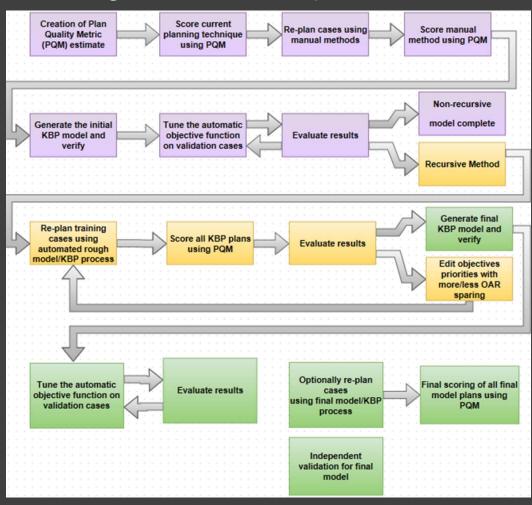
MORE MODEL BUILDING TIPS

- Try to create a non subjective way to judge or grade plan quality throughout model creation process
 - Built-in TPS scorecard / plan objectives / clinical protocols
 - Homemade software or spreadsheet
 - Consider a purpose-built 3rd party plan quality metric analysis tool



MORE MODEL BUILDING TIPS

• If creating a clean sheet model, with no prior model aiding the model creation process, consider building the model in a two phase, recursive method



FUTURE MODEL MAINTENANCE STRATEGY

- Model maintenance / administration method for continual improvement
 - After your new model has planned a certain number of clinical cases
 - Either a fixed number or as a percentage of the of number cases in training set
 - Or at a regular intervals (biannually or annually)
 - Add model planned cases into the training set of a copy of your current clinical model
 - Retrain model
 - Verify model on separate validation patient(s) and retune autocreated optimization objectives as necessary
 - Publish new model for clinical use and retire previous generation clinical model
 - Consider checking that the new model can better plan cases the previous generation model may have struggled with that are now cases included in the current generation's model's training set
 - As an ever growing percentage of the cases in the model's training set will be model created cases, consider systematically, slowly removing some original cases during each generation to eventually build a fully recursive model

 At a crossroads for the role of the Knowledge Based Planning model creator / administrator



Dosimetrists or **Physicists**?

- Three types of dosimetrists with respect to Knowledge Based Planning?
 - Doubters / dismissers
 - Want nothing to do with KBP and have a block towards it in their minds
 - Either believe it can't be as good
 - Or just resistant to any change
 - Future users only
 - Welcome any tool to make their job easier or faster
 - Not interested in diving into the details
 - Simply too busy?
 - Those who "get it" and would like to become model creators or administrators
 - Welcome to the club!

- Doubters / dismissers
 - This used to be me, I thought it was a tool for mediocre to average dosimetrists who needed "help"
 - I didn't understand that Knowledge Based Planning is a tool:
 - that could not only be used to captures other people's knowledge and apply it towards my future cases...
 - that I can use it to capture MY knowledge and apply it towards my future cases
 - that can make every future plan I make can use my best plans as a benchmark
 - Models I create or administer can be ever improving
 - I can spend my time tweaking cases to fine tune the last 5% for the patient rather than trying to get the plan to 90%-95% of what's possible in 24-48 hrs
 - I can periodically revisit my model and retrain it with my newest "even better" cases or use it to completely replan the training set and start fresh

- Future user only KBP users
 - Are you:
 - Perhaps just too busy in the clinic?
 - Don't consider yourself new technology savvy?
 - Thinking most of this presentation was silly or a waste of your time?
 - Consider this:
 - KBP will save you time
 - Perhaps model creation seems like too much for you
 - Try to get involved, at least somewhat, in the process
 - Definitely at least work on tuning the auto-created optimization objectives before a model is published for clinical use
 - Because if the objectives aren't well tuned, you are going to be the one that has to fix them every time
 - If model creations isn't for you, at least attempt to work on creating a process for model maintenance / administration with the creator so you can be actively involved in the plans the model helps create in the future

- Dosimetrists who want to become model creators / administrators
 - You obviously need KBP software
 - What if your it's not (yet) in the budget or it's not (yet) supported in your TPS?
 - Network with your peers in-person and online
 - See if there is interest in collaborating on a new KBP model
 - Any TPS can make plans for the model training set
 - » As long as the final machine planning the case with KBP is capable of making the same type of dose gradients as the plans in the training set, they are compatible
 - » Yes, I've heard of successful models made with a training set of helical treatment plans to be delivered on traditional C-arm linacs
 - It's really all in how your tune the auto-created optimization objectives
 - When the model you help collaborate on is complete, it can be shared with you / your institution and you can apply all that work on future cases, when you do have KBP software

- Efficiencies are coming, but not all are "knowledge based"
- Real time online adaptive therapy... perhaps?
- New protocols
 - New / updated models
- Advances in radiation therapy delivery
 - New / updated models

• Job security



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QUESTIONS?



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 - Vanessa Magliari, CMD
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 - My colleagues at Varian & SNC